

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 1

**Exercise 1.** Verify explicitly that for each ring  $R$  the topological space  $X = \text{Spec}(R)$  is quasicompact. Give an example where  $X$  is not Hausdorff.

**Exercise 2.** Set  $X = \text{Spec}(\mathbb{Q})$  and  $Y = \text{Spec}(\mathbb{Z})$ . Determine all morphisms  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  of ringed spaces. Which of them are morphisms of schemes?

**Exercise 3.** Recall that the ring elements  $e \in R$  with  $e^2 = e$  are called *idempotent*. Let  $X$  be a scheme. Show that

$$e \longmapsto X_e = \{x \in X \mid e(x) \neq 0 \text{ in the residue field } \kappa(x) = \mathcal{O}_{X,x}/\mathfrak{m}_x\}$$

gives a bijection between the set of idempotents in the ring  $R = \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  of global sections and the open-and-closed sets  $U \subset X$ .

**Exercise 4.** The group  $G = \text{Gal}(\mathbb{C}/\mathbb{R})$ , which is cyclic of order two, acts on the ring  $\mathbb{C}[T]$  by complex conjugation. In turn, we get a  $G$ -action on the affine scheme  $X = \text{Spec}(\mathbb{C}[T])$ . Set  $Y = \text{Spec}(\mathbb{R}[T])$  and consider the canonical morphism

$$f : X \longrightarrow Y$$

corresponding to the inclusion  $\mathbb{R}[T] \subset \mathbb{C}[T]$ . Prove that for the underlying sets this is the quotient map for the  $G$ -action.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 28. Oktober um 23:59 Uhr über ILIAS.

Die Lösungen müssen handschriftlich und individuell sein und in Form einer einzigen pdf-Datei vorliegen, mit der Bezeichnung `NameVorname--Abgabe01.pdf` beim ersten Blatt. Die Aufgaben werden in den Übungsgruppen vor- und nachbesprochen. Es gibt keine Korrekturen, daher werden auch keine Punkte vergeben.

**Quorum:** Um zur mündlichen Prüfung zugelassen zu werden, müssen sie insgesamt 8 mathematisch sinnvolle Abgaben gemacht haben.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 2

**Exercise 1.** Let  $X$  be a scheme,  $R$  be a ring, and  $\varphi : R \rightarrow \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  be a homomorphism. For  $x \in X$  we define  $f(x) \in \text{Spec}(R)$  as the point corresponding to the kernel for the composition

$$R \xrightarrow{\varphi} \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \xrightarrow{\text{res}} \mathcal{O}_{X,x} \xrightarrow{\text{pr}} \mathcal{O}_{X,x}/\mathfrak{m}_x = \kappa(x).$$

Check that the resulting map  $f : X \rightarrow \text{Spec}(R)$  is continuous.

**Exercise 2.** Let  $X$  be a scheme. Show that  $X$  is quasiseparated if and only if there is an affine open covering  $X = \bigcup_{\lambda \in L} W_\lambda$  such that the intersections  $W_{\lambda\mu} = W_\lambda \cap W_\mu$  are quasicompact.

**Exercise 3.** Let  $(U, \mathcal{O}_U)$  and  $(V, \mathcal{O}_V)$  be two schemes. Suppose we have open sets  $U' \subset U$  and  $V' \subset V$ , together with an isomorphism of schemes

$$(f, \varphi) : (U', \mathcal{O}_{U'}) \longrightarrow (V', \mathcal{O}_{V'}).$$

Endow the set-theoretic union  $X = U \cup V$ , where the points  $x \in U'$  are identified with  $f(x) \in V'$ , with a canonical scheme structure, by declaring a topology and defining the structure sheaf.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $T_0$  and  $T_1$  be indeterminates. The *projective line*  $X = \mathbb{P}_R^1$  over a ring  $R$  is defined by the above gluing construction for  $U = \text{Spec } R[T_0]$  and  $V = \text{Spec } R[T_1]$ , and

$$U' = \text{Spec } R[T_0^{\pm 1}] \quad \text{and} \quad V' = \text{Spec } R[T_1^{\pm 1}] \quad \text{and} \quad \varphi(T_1) = T_0^{-1}.$$

Prove that the affinization of this scheme is given by

$$(\mathbb{P}_R^1)^{\text{aff}} = \text{Spec}(R),$$

by computing the ring of global sections  $\Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  with the sheaf axiom.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 4. November um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 3

**Exercise 1.** Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  and  $g : Y \rightarrow Z$  be morphisms of schemes. Verify the following implications:

- (i) If  $f$  and  $g$  are locally of finite type, the same holds for the composition  $g \circ f$ .
- (ii) If  $g \circ f$  is locally of finite type, then  $f$  is locally of finite type.

Also give an example where  $g \circ f$  is locally of finite type, but  $g$  is not.

**Exercise 2.** Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a continuous map of topological spaces, and  $\mathcal{F}$  be an abelian sheaf on  $X$ . We define an abelian sheaf  $f_*(\mathcal{F})$  on  $Y$  by declaring

$$\Gamma(V, f_*(\mathcal{F})) = \Gamma(f^{-1}(V), \mathcal{F}).$$

Make the restriction maps explicit, verify that this indeed gives a presheaf, and check the sheaf axiom.

**Exercise 3.** Let  $R$  be a principal ideal domain and  $X = \text{Spec}(R)$  the resulting affine scheme. Show that every open set  $U$  is affine.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $X$  be a scheme. Show that the following two conditions are equivalent, by using the sheaf axiom:

- (i) There is an affine open covering  $X = \bigcup_{\lambda \in L} U_\lambda$  such that the rings of local sections  $\Gamma(U_\lambda, \mathcal{O}_X)$  are reduced.
- (ii) For every open set  $V \subset X$  the ring  $\Gamma(V, \mathcal{O}_X)$  is reduced.

Recall that a ring  $R$  is *reduced* if  $g = 0$  is the only nilpotent element  $g \in R$ . In other words, the zero ideal is a radical ideal.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 11. November um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 4

**Exercise 1.** Let  $L$  be an ordered set, viewed as category, and  $L \rightarrow (\text{Ab})$  be a contravariant functor, comprising abelian groups  $G_\lambda$ ,  $\lambda \in L$  and *transition maps*  $f_{\lambda\mu} : G_\mu \rightarrow G_\lambda$ ,  $\lambda \leq \mu$ . On the disjoint union  $\bigcup_{\lambda \in L} G_\lambda$ , we consider the relation

$$a_\lambda \sim a_\mu \iff f_{\lambda\eta}(a_\lambda) = f_{\mu\eta}(a_\mu) \text{ for some } \eta \geq \lambda, \mu.$$

Assume that the ordered set  $L$  is *directed*, that is, for each  $\lambda, \mu \in L$  there is some  $\eta \in L$  with  $\lambda, \mu \leq \eta$ . Check that the above is an equivalence relation, and that the set of equivalence classes

$$\varinjlim_{\lambda \in L} G_\lambda = \left( \bigcup_{\lambda \in L} G_\lambda \right) / \sim$$

inherits the structure of an abelian group. Furthermore, interpret localizations  $S^{-1}R$  and stalks  $\mathcal{F}_a$  as such *direct limits*.

**Exercise 2.** Let  $(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$  be a ringed space, and  $\mathcal{F}$  be a presheaf of modules. Show that the sheafification  $\mathcal{F}^+$ , whose groups of local sections  $\Gamma(U, \mathcal{F}^+)$  comprises the compatible tuples

$$(s_a)_{a \in U} \in \prod_{a \in U} \mathcal{H}_a,$$

indeed satisfies the sheaf axiom.

**Exercise 3.** Let  $X = \mathbb{A}^1$  be the affine line over some ground field  $k$ . Give an example of a non-zero presheaf of modules  $\mathcal{F}$  whose sheafification  $\mathcal{F}^+$  becomes the zero sheaf.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $\mathcal{F}$  and  $\mathcal{G}$  be  $\mathcal{O}_X$ -modules on some ringed space  $X$ .

(i) Define the tensor product sheaf  $\mathcal{F} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_X} \mathcal{G}$ .

(ii) Suppose  $X$  is a scheme, with  $\mathcal{F}$  and  $\mathcal{G}$  quasicoherent. Show that the tensor product sheaf  $\mathcal{F} \otimes_{\mathcal{O}_X} \mathcal{G}$  is quasicoherent as well.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 18. November um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 5

**Exercise 1.** Let  $X$  be a scheme and  $Z \subset X$  be a closed subscheme. Verify that the inclusion morphism  $i : Z \rightarrow X$  is a *monomorphism* in the category  $\mathcal{C} = (\text{Sch})$  of schemes. In other words, for each scheme  $T$  and each pair of morphisms  $f, g : T \rightarrow Z$  with  $i \circ f = i \circ g$  we already have  $f = g$ .

**Exercise 2.** Let  $X$  be a scheme, and  $X_{\text{red}} \subset X$  be its reduction. Show that for each reduced scheme  $T$ , the canonical map

$$\text{Hom}(T, X_{\text{red}}) \longrightarrow \text{Hom}(T, X)$$

is bijective.

**Exercise 3.** Let  $X$  be a noetherian scheme. Verify that every ascending chain  $\mathcal{S}_0 \subset \mathcal{S}_1 \subset \dots$  of quasicohherent sheaves of ideals is stationary. Conclude that every descending chain  $Z_0 \supset Z_1 \supset \dots$  of closed subschemes is stationary.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $X$  be a scheme and  $A, B \subset X$  be two closed subschemes. Prove that among the closed subschemes  $Z \subset X$  contained in both  $A$  and  $B$  there is a largest one, which is then written as  $Z = A \cap B$ .

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 25. November um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 6

**Exercise 1.** Let  $R$  be a ring and  $n \geq 1$  be some integer. We consider the polynomial ring  $S = R[u, v]$  as graded with respect to the monoid  $\Lambda = \mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z}$  of congruence classes modulo  $n$ , by declaring

$$\deg(u) = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad \deg(v) = -1.$$

Show that the subring  $S_0$  is isomorphic to  $R[x, y, z]/(z^n - xy)$ .

**Exercise 2.** Let  $S = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} S_\lambda$  be a  $\Lambda$ -graded ring, and  $\mathfrak{a} \subset S$  be an ideal. Verify that the subgroup

$$\mathfrak{a}^{\text{hgs}} = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \Lambda} (\mathfrak{a} \cap S_\lambda)$$

inside  $S$  is a homogeneous ideal contained in  $\mathfrak{a}$ , and indeed the largest such ideal. Furthermore, check that  $\mathfrak{p}^{\text{hgs}}$  is prime if  $\mathfrak{p}$  is prime, provided  $\Lambda = \mathbb{N}$ .

**Exercise 3.** Let  $S = \bigoplus_{i \geq 0} S_i$  be a graded ring. Show that the homogeneous spectrum  $\text{Proj}(S)$  is empty if and only if the irrelevant ideal  $S_+$  consists only of nilpotent elements.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $S = \bigoplus_{i \geq 0} S_i$  be a graded ring. Prove that  $S$  is noetherian if and only if  $S_0$  is noetherian and the  $S_0$ -algebra  $S$  is of finite type.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 2. Dezember um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 7

**Exercise 1.** Let  $S = \bigoplus_{i \geq 0} S_i$  be a graded ring, and  $M = \bigoplus_{j \in \mathbb{Z}} M_j$  be a graded module. Suppose that  $M$  is finitely generated as an ungraded module. Prove that there is a surjection of graded modules

$$\varphi : \sum_{i=0}^r S(-d_i) \longrightarrow M$$

for some  $r \geq 0$  and some  $d_i \geq 0$ . What does this statement mean for quasicoherent sheaves  $\mathcal{F}$  on  $\mathbb{P}_R^n$ ?

**Exercise 2.** Let  $S = \bigoplus_{i \geq 0} S_i$  be a graded ring, and  $M = \bigoplus_j M_j$  be a graded module. Suppose that  $S = S_0[S_1]$  and that  $M$  is generated by elements of degree  $\leq d$ . Show that

$$M_{i+j} = S_i M_j$$

for every  $j \geq d$  and  $i \geq 0$ .

**Exercise 3.** Let  $X$  be a scheme. Show the the subset  $\text{Pic}^+(X) \subset \text{Pic}(X)$  comprising the invertible sheaves that are globally generated is a submonoid. Verify that for  $X = \text{Spec}(R)$  affine, every invertible sheaf is globally generated.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a morphism of ringed spaces. For an abelian sheaf  $\mathcal{G}$  on  $Y$ , we define the abelian sheaf  $f^{-1}(\mathcal{G})$  as the sheafification of the presheaf

$$U \longmapsto \varinjlim_V \Gamma(V, \mathcal{G}),$$

where the direct limit runs over all open neighborhoods  $V$  of the subset  $f(U) \subset Y$ . Describe the restriction maps, check

$$f^{-1}(\mathcal{G})_a = \mathcal{G}_{f(a)}$$

for  $a \in X$ , and deduce that the functor  $\mathcal{G} \mapsto f^{-1}(\mathcal{G})$  is exact.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 9. Dezember um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 8

**Exercise 1.** Let  $X$  be a quasicompact scheme, and  $\mathcal{L}$  be an invertible sheaf. Suppose for each point  $a \in X$  there is some  $n \geq 0$  and a global section  $s \in H^0(X, \mathcal{L}^{\otimes n})$  with  $s(a) \neq 0$ . Deduce that  $\mathcal{L}^{\otimes d}$  is globally generated for some exponent  $d \geq 0$ .

**Exercise 2.** Let  $R$  be a ground ring and  $n, d \geq 0$  be two integers. Construct a canonical map

$$R[T_0, \dots, T_n]_d \longrightarrow H^0(\mathbb{P}^n, \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(d))$$

by using the basic open sets  $D_+(T_j)$ , and infer with the sheaf axiom that the map is bijective.

**Exercise 3.** Fix a ground field  $k$ . Let  $X$  be a scheme,  $\mathcal{O}_X^{\oplus n+1} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}$  be an invertible quotient, and

$$f : X \longrightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$$

the resulting morphism with  $\mathcal{L} = f^* \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(1)$ . Let  $Z \subset X$  be a closed subscheme with  $H^0(Z, \mathcal{O}_Z) = k$  and  $\mathcal{L}_Z \simeq \mathcal{O}_Z$ . Show that  $Z$  is non-empty and connected, and that the image  $f(Z)$  contains but one point, which must be rational.

**Exercise 4.** Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a category,  $P \in \mathcal{C}$  be an object, and  $F : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow (\text{Set})$  be a contravariant functor. Show that the map

$$\text{Hom}_{\hat{\mathcal{C}}}(h_P, F) \longrightarrow F(P), \quad (\Phi_X)_{X \in \mathcal{C}} \longmapsto \Phi_P(\text{id}_P)$$

is bijective.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 16. Dezember um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.



# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 9

**Exercise 1.** Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a continuous map of topological space, and  $\mathcal{F}$  be a flasque sheaf on  $X$ . Verify that the direct image  $f_*(\mathcal{F})$  is flasque as well.

**Exercise 2.** Prove Cartan–Serre Vanishing in detail for noetherian affine schemes  $X = \text{Spec}(R)$ , by using the fact that each  $R$ -module  $M$  can be embedded into some  $R$ -module  $F$  whose sheafification  $\mathcal{F} = \tilde{F}$  is flasque.

**Exercise 3.** Let  $k$  be a ground field and  $n \geq 0$ . Show that the map

$$\mathbb{Z} \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}, \quad t \longmapsto \chi(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(t)) = \sum_{i=0}^n (-1)^i h^i(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(t))$$

can be expressed as a polynomial belonging to  $\mathbb{Q}[t]$ . Verify that this does not hold in general for the maps  $t \mapsto h^i(\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(t))$ .

**Exercise 4.** Let  $k$  be a ground field and  $n \geq 1$ . Suppose that  $Z \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  is a finite subscheme containing at least two points, and let  $\mathcal{I} \subset \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}$  be the corresponding quasicoherent sheaf of ideals. Use the long exact sequence in cohomology to prove  $H^1(\mathbb{P}^n, \mathcal{I}) \neq 0$ .

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 6. Januar um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

**Frohe Weihnachten und guten Rutsch!**

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 10

**Exercise 1.** Let  $f : X \rightarrow Z$  and  $g : Y \rightarrow Z$  be morphisms of scheme. Use the universal properties of fiber products to construct a continuous map

$$|X \times_Y Z| \longrightarrow |X| \times_{|Z|} |Y|$$

on the underlying space of the fiber product to the fiber product of the underlying spaces. Furthermore, give an example with affine schemes where the above map is not bijective.

**Exercise 2.** Consider the morphism

$$f : \mathbb{A}^1 = \operatorname{Spec} \mathbb{C}[T] \longrightarrow \operatorname{Spec} \mathbb{C}[T] = \mathbb{A}^1$$

defined by the complex polynomial  $P(T) = T^5 - 1$ . Describe for each point  $a \in \mathbb{A}^1$  the scheme-theoretic fibers  $f^{-1}(a)$  and determine which of them are reduced or irreducible. Do not forget the case  $a = \eta$ .

**Exercise 3.** Let  $X = \operatorname{Spec}(R)$  be an affine scheme. Show that the diagonal morphism  $\Delta : X \rightarrow X \times X$  corresponds to the homomorphism

$$R \otimes R \longrightarrow R, \quad f \otimes g \longmapsto fg,$$

and that its kernel  $\mathfrak{a} \subset R \otimes R$  is generated by the tensors  $1 \otimes g - g \otimes 1$  with  $g \in R$ .

**Exercise 4.** Let  $f : X \rightarrow Y$  be a morphism of schemes, and  $g : Y' \rightarrow Y$  be a closed embedding. Show that the base-change

$$X' = X \times_Y Y' \xrightarrow{\operatorname{pr}_1} X$$

is also a closed embedding.

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 20. Januar um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.

# Algebraic Geometry I

## Sheet 11

**Exercise 1.** Let  $C, C' \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  be two curves of degrees  $d, d' \geq 0$ , respectively. What is the genus  $g = h^1(\mathcal{O}_X)$  of the union  $X = C \cup C'$ ?

**Exercise 2.** Suppose  $n \geq 2$ , and let  $f \in k[T_0, \dots, T_n]$  be a homogeneous polynomial of degree  $d \geq 1$ , and  $X \subset \mathbb{P}^n$  be the resulting hypersurface. Compute the invariants

$$h^i(\mathcal{O}_X) = \dim_k H^i(X, \mathcal{O}_X)$$

and deduce that the scheme  $X$  is geometrically connected.

**Exercise 3.** (i) Suppose  $k = \mathbb{R}$ . Give a curve  $C \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  of degree  $d = 2$  that is irreducible but not geometrically irreducible.

(ii) Suppose now  $k = \mathbb{F}_2(T)$ . Find some  $C \subset \mathbb{P}^2$  that is reduced but not geometrically reduced.

**Exercise 4.** Consider the curve  $C = V_+(xy, x^2)$  in the projective plane  $\mathbb{P}^2 = \text{Proj}(k[x, y, z])$ . Show that  $C$  is irreducible but not reduced, and verify that there is no effective Cartier divisor  $D \subset C$  containing the point  $a = (0 : 0 : 1)$ .

**Abgabe:** Bis Donnerstag, den 27. Januar um 23:55 Uhr über ILIAS.