

Problems for Tutorial 2

(Thursday, 25.11, at 10 a.m.)

Problem 1.

a) Prove that the action of $\text{Möb}_{\mathbb{R}}$ on \mathbb{H} is 1-transitive¹. [3 P.]

b) Prove that the action of $\text{Möb}_{\mathbb{R}}$ on \mathbb{H} is not 2-transitive. [2 P.]

c) Compute the stabilizer of i in $\text{Möb}_{\mathbb{R}}$: [3 P.]

$$\text{St}_{\text{Möb}_{\mathbb{R}}}(i) := \{T \in \text{Möb}_{\mathbb{R}} \mid T(i) = i\}.$$

d) Let r be an arbitrary positive real number. Prove that $\text{St}_{\text{Möb}_{\mathbb{R}}}(i)$ acts 1-transitive on the circle $\{z \in \mathbb{H} \mid \rho(z, i) = r\}$. [8 P.]

Problem 2. For the map $\eta : \mathbb{H} \rightarrow \mathbb{H}$, $z \mapsto -\bar{z}$, prove the following statements.

a) $\eta \in \text{Isom}\mathbb{H}$. [2 P.]

b) $\eta \notin (\text{Möb}_{\mathbb{R}})|_{\mathbb{H}}$. [2 P.]

Problem 3. Prove Lemma 1.4.2 from the script:

Isometries of \mathbb{H} map geodesic lines (i.e. lines of the form \mathbf{A}_r and \mathbf{C}_{r_1, r_2}) to geodesic lines. [6 P.]

Problem 4. For two different points $u, v \in \mathbb{H}$, the set

$$\text{Equidist}(u, v) := \{z \in \mathbb{H} \mid \rho(z, u) = \rho(z, v)\}$$

is called *Equidistance* of u and v .

a) Prove that the Equidistance coincides with a geodesic line of the form \mathbf{A}_r or \mathbf{C}_{r_1, r_2} . [4 P.]

b) Give an exact formula for $\text{Equidist}(1 + i, 3 + 3i)$. [3 P.]

c) Draw the set from b). [1 P.]

Hint. Use the formula (2) or (3) from Theorem 1.3.8 of the script.

¹Let G be a group acting on a set X . This action is called n -transitive if for every two tuples (x_1, \dots, x_n) and (x'_1, \dots, x'_n) of elements from X satisfying $x_i \neq x_j$ and $x'_i \neq x'_j$ for all $i \neq j$, there exists an element $g \in G$ such that $g(x_1) = x'_1, \dots, g(x_n) = x'_n$.